# SAFETY DATA SHEET



8-814 Fast Performance Clear

### **Section 1. Identification**

Product name : 8-814 Fast Performance Clear

Product type : Liquid.

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Identified uses** 

Use in coatings - Clearcoat

**Uses advised against** 

Not applicable.

**Supplier** 

**Manufacturer** : Valspar b.v.

Zuiveringweg 89 8243 PE Lelystad The Netherlands

tel: +31 (0)320 292200 fax: +31 (0)320 292201

**Emergency telephone** 

number

: Call: +31 (0)320 292200 (during daytime)

Supplier's details : DBNZ Coatings Limited

176 Ossie James Drive Hamilton Airport, 3282 NEW ZEALAND T: +64 7847 0944 E: info@dbnz.co.nz

**Emergency telephone** number (with hours of

operation)

: New Zealand Poisons Information Centre: 0800 764766 (24 hrs)

CALL: +(64)-98010034 (Hours of operation - 24 hours)

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS

: msds@de-beer.com

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**HSNO Classification** : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1
REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2

LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

This material is classified as hazardous according to criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Hazard Classification) Notice 2020.

This material is classified as DANGEROUS GOODS according to criteria in New Zealand Standard 5433:2012 Transport of Dangerous Goods on Land.

**GHS label elements** 

Signal word : Warning

## Section 2. Hazards identification

### **Hazard statements**

: Flammable liquid and vapour.

May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation.

Harmful if inhaled.

Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Precautionary statements**

### **General**

: Do not apply directly into or onto water. Take all reasonable steps to ensure that the substance does not cause any significant adverse effects to the environment beyond the application area.

### **Prevention**

: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Avoid breathing vapour. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

### **Response**

: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.

## Storage

: Store locked up.

**Disposal** 

Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

### **Symbol**







Other hazards which do not : None known. result in classification

# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Ingredient name	% (w/w)	Identifiers
n-butyl acetate	≥10 - ≤30	CAS: 123-86-4 EC: 204-658-1
heptan-2-one	≥10 - ≤30	CAS: 110-43-0 EC: 203-767-1
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	≤10	CAS: 763-69-9 EC: 212-112-9
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-ω-hydroxy-	<1	CAS: 104810-48-2
triisotridecyl phosphite	<1	CAS: 77745-66-5 EC: 278-758-9
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropyl]-ω-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-hydroxyphenyl]-1-oxopropoxy]-	<1	CAS: 104810-47-1
dioctyltin dilaurate	≤0.3	CAS: 3648-18-8

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# Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### Section 4. First aid measures

### **Description of necessary first aid measures**

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**Eye contact** 

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

### Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

**Ingestion**: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact**: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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### Section 4. First aid measures

Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Eyes** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

**Specific treatments** 

: No specific treatment.

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

**Protection of first-aiders** 

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Firefighting measures

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable

: Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, water spray (fog) or foam.

Not suitable : Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway,

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

Hazchem code : 3Y

Special precautions for firefighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

 Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

### Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

carbon monoxide

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

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## Section 6. Accidental release measures

For emergency responders: If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

### **Environmental precautions**

Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

### Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** 

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

### Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations.

# Section 7. Handling and storage

### **Precautions for safe handling**

**Protective measures** 

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material. kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

### Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

# including any incompatibilities

Conditions for safe storage, : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and wellventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidising materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Date of issue/Date of revision: Version 7/23/2024 : 1

# Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Control parameters**

### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits	
n-butyl acetate	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 11/2023) WES-TWA 8 hours: 150 ppm. WES-TWA 8 hours: 713 mg/m³. WES-STEL 15 minutes: 950 mg/m³. WES-STEL 15 minutes: 200 ppm.	
heptan-2-one	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 11/2023) WES-TWA 8 hours: 50 ppm. WES-TWA 8 hours: 233 mg/m³.	
dioctyltin dilaurate	HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 11/2023) [organic compounds including mono- and dimethyltin and n-butyltin: non-irritant compounds] Absorbed through skin. WES-TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m³ (as Sn). WES-STEL 15 minutes: 0.1 mg/m³ (as Sn). HSWA 2015 - HSW (GRWM) 2016. Workplace exposure standards (WES) (New Zealand, 11/2023) [organic compounds including mono- and dimethyltin and n-butyltin: irritant compounds] Absorbed through skin. WES-STEL 15 minutes: 0.02 mg/m³ (as Sn). WES-TWA 8 hours: 0.05 mg/m³ (as Sn).	

### **Biological exposure indices**

No exposure indices known.

# Appropriate engineering controls

: Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapour or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

# **Environmental exposure** controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### **Individual protection measures**

**Hygiene measures** 

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### **Eye/face protection**

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles. Recommended: chemical splash goggles and/or face shield.

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## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### **Skin protection**

**Hand protection** 

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. > 8 hours (breakthrough time): Recommended EN 374 polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) butyl rubber >= 0.7 mm

< 1 hour (breakthrough time): Conditionally suitable materials for protective gloves; EN 374: Nitrile rubber - NBR (>= 0.35 mm). Only suitable as splash protection. Only suitable for brief exposure. In the event of contamination, change protective gloves immediately.

**Body protection** 

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Recommended: Cotton or cotton/synthetic overalls or coveralls are normally suitable.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Respiratory protection** 

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: EN 405:2001 + A1:2009 organic vapour (Type A) and particulate filter FFA2P3 R D

# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### <u>Appearance</u>

Physical state
Colour
Colour
Colour
Colour
Colour
Colour
Colour
Colourless.
Pungent, fruity.
Not available.
Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point
Colourless.
Not available.
Not applicable.
Not applicable.
Soiling point or initial
Colourless.
Not available.
Not applicable.

range

boiling point and boiling

Flash point : Closed cup: 34°C (93.2°F)
Evaporation rate : 1 (butyl acetate = 1)

Flammability : Not available.

Lower and upper explosion | Lower: 1% | Upper: 9.8%

Vapour pressure : 1.5 kPa (11.25 mm Hg)

Relative vapour density : 4 [Air = 1]
Relative density : 0.994
Density : 0.994 g/cm³

Solubility(ies) :

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# Section 9. Physical and chemical properties and safety characteristics

Media	Result
cold water	Not soluble
hot water	Not soluble

Solubility in water : Not applicable.

Miscible with water : No.

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

: Not applicable.

**Auto-ignition temperature** : 393°C (739.4°F) **Decomposition temperature** : Not applicable.

Viscosity : Dynamic (room temperature): Not available.

Kinematic (room temperature): Not available. Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)

**Particle characteristics** 

Median particle size : Not applicable.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

**Reactivity**: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

**Chemical stability**: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

**Conditions to avoid** : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurise, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition. Do not

allow vapour to accumulate in low or confined areas.

**Incompatible materials**: Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidising materials

**Hazardous decomposition** 

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products

should not be produced.

## **Section 11. Toxicological information**

### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation : Harmful if inhaled.

**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

**Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

**Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

**Skin contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

reduced foetal weight increase in foetal deaths skeletal malformations

**Eye contact**: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation

watering redness

### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

### **Acute toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	390 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	>21.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>14112 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	10760 mg/kg	-
heptan-2-one	LC50 Inhalation Vapour	Rat	16.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1600 mg/kg	-
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit - Male	4080 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3200 mg/kg	-
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α- [3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) -5-(1,1-dimethylethyl) -4-hydroxyphenyl] -1-oxopropyl]-ω-hydroxy-	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	_
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl) -5-(1,1-dimethylethyl) -4-hydroxyphenyl] -1-oxopropyl]-ω-[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl) -4-hydroxyphenyl] -1-oxopropoxy]-	LD50 Dermal	Rat	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
dioctyltin dilaurate	LD50 Oral	Rat	6450 mg/kg	-
pentaerythritol tetrakis (3-mercaptopropionate)	LD50 Oral	Rat	1000 to 2000 mg/kg	-

### **Irritation/Corrosion**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
n-butyl acetate	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
heptan-2-one	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	mg 24 hours 14 mg	-
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-

### **Respiratory or skin sensitization**

Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed

to very low levels.

**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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# Section 11. Toxicological information

Ingestion

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact

: Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Eye contact
Carcinogenicity
Mutagenicity

No known significant effects or critical hazards.No known significant effects or critical hazards.

No known significant effects or critical hazards.Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Teratogenicity

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: Suspected of damaging fertility.

**Chronic toxicity** 

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Mutagenicity
Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

**Reproductive toxicity** 

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Product/ingredient name	,	Route of exposure	Target organs
dioctyltin dilaurate	Category 1	-	-

### **Aspiration hazard**

Not available.

### **Numerical measures of toxicity**

### **Acute toxicity estimates**

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
8-814 Fast Performance Clear	11955.7	N/A	19446.1	N/A	N/A
n-butyl acetate	10760	N/A	4500	N/A	N/A
heptan-2-one	1600	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	3200	4080	N/A	N/A	N/A
dioctyltin dilaurate	6450	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
pentaerythritol tetrakis(3-mercaptopropionate)	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

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# Section 12. Ecological information

### **Ecotoxicity**

: This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

### **Aquatic and terrestrial toxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
n-butyl acetate	Acute EC50 397 mg/l	Algae - Selenastrum capricornutum	72 hours
	Acute EC50 44 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 32 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia salina	48 hours
	Acute LC50 18 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 200 mg/l	Algae	72 hours
heptan-2-one	Acute LC50 131000 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	Acute EC50 114.86 mg/l	Aquatic plants -	72 hours
31 1	<b>3</b> .	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	
	Acute EC50 785 to 970 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 88 mg/l	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 hours
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-	Acute LC50 2.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)			
-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)			
-4-hydroxyphenyl]			
-1-oxopropyl]-ω-hydroxy-			
Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-	Acute LC50 2.8 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
[3-[3-(2H-benzotriazol-2-yl)			
-5-(1,1-dimethylethyl)			
-4-hydroxyphenyl]			
-1-oxopropyl]-ω-[3-[3-(2H-			
benzotriazol-2-yl)-5-			
(1,1-dimethylethyl)			
-4-hydroxyphenyl] -1-oxopropoxy]-			
pentaerythritol tetrakis	Acute EC50 >0.12 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus	72 hours
(3-mercaptopropionate)	Addic 2000 FO. 12 mg/l	subspicatus	72 110013
	Acute EC50 >0.35 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia Magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.034 mg/l	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
	Acute NOEC 0.12 mg/l	Algae - Desmodesmus	72 hours
	. 13.12 1.323 3.12 mg//	subspicatus	1.2.1.04.0

### Persistence/degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result		Dose	Inoculum
n-butyl acetate	OECD 301D Ready Biodegradability - Closed Bottle Test	>80 % - 5 days		-	-
heptan-2-one ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	- OECD 301B Ready Biodegradability - CO2 Evolution Test	69 % - Readily - 28 100 % - Readily - 1		-	-
Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life		Photolys	is	Biodegradability
n-butyl acetate heptan-2-one ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate	-		- - -		Readily Readily Readily

### **Bioaccumulative potential**

# Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
n-butyl acetate heptan-2-one	2.3 2.26	-	Low Low
ethyl 3-ethoxypropionate triisotridecyl phosphite	1.47 16.73	-	Low High
dioctyltin dilaurate pentaerythritol tetrakis (3-mercaptopropionate)	3.03	<100 23.7	Low Low

**Mobility in soil** 

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** 

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapour from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and

# **Section 14. Transport information**

	New Zealand	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	Paint
Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3
Packing group	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

**Additional information** 

New Zealand : <u>Hazchem code</u> 3Y

Special provisions 163, 223

IMDG : <u>Emergency schedules</u> F-E, \_S-E\_

**Special provisions** 163, 223, 367, 955

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# **Section 14. Transport information**

: **Quantity limitation** Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions:

355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities -

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Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344.

Special provisions A3, A72, A192

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are

upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in

the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according: Not available.

to IMO instruments

# Section 15. Regulatory information

**HSNO Approval Number** 

: HSR002662

**HSNO Group Standard HSNO Classification** 

: Surface Coatings and Colourants

: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2

SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1 REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY - Category 2

LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3

### International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

### **Montreal Protocol**

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

**UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals** 

Not listed.

**Inventory list** 

Australia : At least one component is not listed. Canada : At least one component is not listed. China : At least one component is not listed.

**Eurasian Economic Union** 

: Russian Federation inventory: Not determined.

Japan

: Japan inventory (CSCL): At least one component is not listed.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted. **Philippines** : At least one component is not listed.

Republic of Korea : All components are listed, exempted, or notified.

**Taiwan** : At least one component is not listed.

**Thailand** : Not determined. : Not determined. Turkey

: All components are active or exempted. **United States** 

**Viet Nam** : Not determined.

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### Section 16. Other information

### **History**

Date of printing : 7/23/2024 Date of issue/Date of : 7/23/2024

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 1

**Key to abbreviations** : ADG = Australian Dangerous Goods

ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of

Dangerous Goods by Road ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

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IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships,

1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods

by Rail

SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

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